

THE IMPORTANCE OF RAISING A CHILD IN THE FAMILY

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Abstract: This study provides information about the formation and spiritual growth of a child in the family, the main importance of upbringing in increasing the child's worldview. It is advisable to educate a child in a healthy family environment, to form the child's mental health and psychological state. During our study, the views of experienced pedagogues-psychologists on raising a child in the family are highlighted as examples.

Keywords: Family, upbringing, education, spirituality, psychological state, worldview, family environment.

ВАЖНОСТЬ ВОСПИТАНИЯ РЕБЕНКА В СЕМЬЕ

Аннотация. В исследовании дана информация о формировании и духовном развитии ребенка в семье, об основополагающем значении воспитания в формировании мировоззрения ребенка. Важно воспитывать детей в здоровой семейной среде, формировать их психическое здоровье и психологическое состояние. В нашем исследовании на примерах представлены взгляды опытных педагогов-психологов на воспитание детей в семье.

Ключевые слова: Семья, воспитание, образование, духовность, психологическое состояние, мировоззрение, семейная среда.

OILADA BOLA TARBIYASINING AHAMIYATI

Annotatsiya: Ushbu tadqiqotda oilada bola tarbiyasining shakllanishi va ma'naviy yuksalishi, bolaning dunyoqarashini oshirishda tarbiyaning asosiy ahamiyati haqida ma'lumotlar keltirib o'tilgan. Bola tarbiyasida sog'lom oilaviy muhitda ta'lim olishi, bolaning ruxiy salomatligi, psixologik holatini shakllantirib borish maqsadga muvofiqdir. Tadqiqotimiz davomida tajribali pedagog-psixologlarning oilada bola tarbiyasi haqida fikrlari misollar tariqasida yoritib berilgan.

Kalit so'zlar: Oila, tarbiya, ta'lim, ma'naviyat, psixologik holat, dunyoqarash, oilaviy muhit.

Introduction

Nowadays, it is undeniable that child psychology is becoming one of the urgent problems of the field of education and upbringing of children in the fields of pedagogy and

psychology. After all, in order to build a great state in the future, a citizen of any state must first be well-educated in the family and then in a preschool educational institution, and have the opportunity to fully develop as a person. From this point of view, an educational institution, which is considered one of the main links of continuous education, plays an important role in the formation of a person as a person. The study of the scientific and theoretical aspects of the psychological characteristics of early childhood and preschool children is of great practical importance in pedagogical education. Society is a set of problems of people, including children. The development and spiritual potential of a democratic society largely depend on the content of psychological and educational education given to these children. As each child lives in society, he strives to occupy his own place and independent position in it, therefore he demonstrates his own aspirations, abilities and activity, and examples of intellectual labor. There are a number of pedagogical disciplines that study the relationships between children, the role of each person in society and the nature of their various social relationships, among which psychology occupies a special place. The family is a part of society. Therefore, the role of the family in raising a child is of great importance. If a child is raised correctly from a young age, he will grow up to be a worthy person for society in the future. Of course, the role of parents is great in this, their attitude towards their child, respect for adults, and respect for each other by parents are of particular importance. If a young child lies in front of him, we know that children are very curious and ask a lot of questions when they are young, and if we lie in the things they ask, they will have a different opinion about this. The child gradually gets used to this and even if you do not teach him, sometimes he will lie and deceive. But parents never blame themselves for this, but rather scold their children. There are many mistakes that can be made in raising a child in a family. One of the most common is the parents' desire for excessive dominance; the child's masculinity is due to the lack of any demands on them; the lack of uniform requirements in upbringing by parents and grandparents; Stable errors in family upbringing are associated with the structure of the family and family relations, with the attitude of adults to their civic duties, with their ideological orientation, with their attitude to work. According to these signs, several types of families can be distinguished. It is necessary for educators to know the types of families and work with them in a specific way. This type of family is characterized by spiritual closeness between parents and children, reasonable and normal requirements for the child to successfully master the norms of social relations. In this type of upbringing, situations such as disrespect for parents, failure to fulfill their requirements may develop. When working with superficially peaceful families, the educating parent focuses

on mastering the psychological situation in the family, the direction of relations between parents. Unsettled families, such families have few spiritual interests. Such families are characterized by indifference to production, family duties, disregard for family traditions, and indifference to household chores. The child becomes stubborn, rude, and combative. He does not obey the rules of adults and the community. Most children with “difficult upbringing” grow up in such families. In modern conditions, the problem of a troubled family is one of the most urgent problems. The family is the first social environment for a child of preschool age. Family upbringing also plays an important role in the formation of the child's spiritual and moral qualities. The values, religion, and traditions taught in the family instill in the child such qualities as humanity, honesty, justice, and respect. This ensures the enrichment of the child's personality with high qualities and helps him take a worthy place in society. At the same time, the family is also the first school of education for the child. Parents should encourage their child's interest in learning, teach them to read, write, and explore, and develop their intellectual potential. A child's attitude toward education is often formed in the family, which serves as the foundation for their future academic success. The role of the family in raising a child is undoubtedly one of the main factors determining his future life. Through positive relationships, love and support in the family environment, the child feels safe and protected. This increases his self-confidence and helps him gain a solid psychological foundation in the future. Parents have a great responsibility in raising a child. They play a leading role in providing for their children not only financially, but also in giving them spiritual education. Parents create a solid foundation for their child's future by showing love and respect to the child, appreciating honesty and integrity, teaching them the importance of enduring difficulties and working hard. Spiritual education encourages the child to think about the meaning and values of life, and to build his life in a meaningful and purposeful way. A child raised in a healthy, strong, and loving family environment has a great chance of succeeding in life, finding his place in society, and growing up as a morally and spiritually high-achieving individual. Therefore, every parent should feel responsible for their child's future and try to provide him with the right upbringing. The place and role of the family in raising a child is incomparable, and this process ensures a happy and successful life for the child. Understanding the importance of the family in raising a child is necessary not only for parents, but also for every member of society. Because every child is a part of the future society. As their upbringing is, so will tomorrow's society. The spirituality, morality, intellectual and psychological foundation formed in the family guides the child throughout his life. The role of the family in upbringing is often associated with the first

experiences, knowledge and skills in the child's life. For example, the child's first words, first steps, initial intellectual experiences - all this happens in the family. Therefore, the social and cultural environment in the family gives the child the first impressions, begins the process of his worldview and self-awareness. In the family environment, the child first feels the environment in which he lives, learns what relationships exist, what rules apply. This has a great impact on the process of his socialization. Based on the experiences in his family, the child learns how to relate to the people around him. If the relationships within the family are warm, full of respect and affection, the child will also relate to those around him in this way. On the contrary, if the family environment is negative, this can have a negative impact on the child's personality. At the same time, the family is an important tool in the spiritual education of the child. Parents instill patriotism, respect for national values, humanity and justice in the child's heart. These qualities serve as the main criteria for the child on the path of life. Also, the traditions, customs and values taught in the family directly affect the child's personality and future life.

Conclusion

The family plays an important and incomparable role in the upbringing of a child. The family forms the personality, moral qualities, spirituality and intellectual development of the child. Therefore, each family should pay great attention to the upbringing of its child, contributing to the upbringing of responsible, educated and spiritually high individuals for society. Timely upbringing of the family determines the future of the child and his successful life in society. The family is undoubtedly the main foundation of a happy and successful life of a child.

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