

DAVLAT BYUDJETINING KAMOMADLIK MUAMMOSI VA UNI BARTARAF
ETISH IMKONIYATLARI

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Ilmiy rahbar. Osiyo xalqaro universiteti o'qituvchisi

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Annotatsiya. Ushbu maqolada davlat byudjeti kamomadining iqtisodiy mohiyati, vujudga kelish sabablari, uning salbiy oqibatlari va bunday muammoni bartaraf etishning asosiy yo'nalishlari tahlil qilinadi. Shuningdek, davlat moliyasini barqarorlashtirish bo'yicha xalqaro amaliyotdan misollar keltiriladi hamda O'zbekiston misolida tavsiyalar beriladi.

Kalit so'zlar: byudjet kamomadi, davlat moliyasi, soliq siyosati, iqtisodiy barqarorlik, xarajatlar optimallashtirish, davlat qarzi.

Davlat byudjeti — bu hukumat faoliyatini moliyalashtiruvchi asosiy hujjat bo'lib, unda daromadlar va xarajatlar muvozanati ko'zda tutiladi. Ammo ayrim holatlarda byudjet xarajatlari daromadlardan ortib ketishi natijasida byudjet kamomadi yuzaga keladi. Bu holat davlat moliyaviy tizimining barqarorligiga salbiy ta'sir ko'rsatadi. Shuning uchun byudjet kamomadining sabablari va uni bartaraf etish yo'llarini tahlil qilish dolzarb masala hisoblanadi.

1. Davlat byudjeti kamomadining mohiyati va sabablari

Byudjet kamomadi — bu belgilangan davrda davlat xarajatlarining daromadlardan oshib ketishidir. U quyidagi asosiy omillar natijasida yuzaga keladi:

- Soliq tushumlarining kamayishi
- Xarajatlarning ortishi
- Moliyaviy boshqaruvdagi samarasizlik
- Tashqi iqtisodiy omillar

Shuningdek, pandemiya, tabiiy ofatlar yoki geosiyosiy tahdidlar kabi favqulodda vaziyatlar ham byudjet muvozanatiga salbiy ta'sir ko'rsatadi.

2. Byudjet kamomadining salbiy oqibatlari

- Davlat qarzining ortishi
- Inflyatsiya xavfi
- Valyuta kursining beqarorligi
- Sarmoyadorlar ishonchining pasayishi

- Ijtimoiy sohalarda ta'minotning kamayishi

3. Byudjet kamomadini bartaraf etish yo'llari

a) Daromadlar bazasini kengaytirish

- Soliq tizimini isloh qilish
- Yashirin iqtisodiyotni legallashtirish
- Eksportni rag'batlantirish

b) Xarajatlar siyosatini optimallashtirish

- Davlat dasturlarini tahlil qilish
- Raqamli texnologiyalarni joriy etish
- Tanlov asosida xaridlar tizimini takomillashtirish

c) Davlat qarzini oqilona boshqarish

- Qarz yuki va xizmat ko'rsatish xarajatlarini optimallashtirish
- Ichki qarz bozorini rivojlantirish
- Qarz mablag'larini investitsiya loyihalariga yo'naltirish

d) Makroiqtisodiy barqarorlikni ta'minlash

- Pul-kredit siyosatini fiskal siyosat bilan muvofiqlashtirish
- Iqtisodiy diversifikatsiyani rag'batlantirish
- Xususiy sektorni rivojlantirish

Byudjet kamomadi davlat moliyaviy siyosatining zaif joylarini ko'rsatuvchi muhim ko'rsatkichdir. Uning mavjudligi iqtisodiyotni izdan chiqarishi mumkin. Shu sababli, byudjet kamomadini bartaraf etish uchun kompleks va tizimli yondashuv zarur. Bu jarayonda soliq siyosati, xarajatlar boshqaruvi, qarzlarni oqilona boshqarish va makroiqtisodiy muvozanatni ta'minlash kabi yo'nalishlar muhim ahamiyatga ega. O'zbekiston sharoitida ham davlat moliyasi barqarorligini ta'minlash uchun islohotlar chuqurlashtirilishi lozim.

Foydalanilgan adabiyotlar ro'yxati:

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