

TEACHING VOCABULARY OF FOREIGN LANGUAGES IN SPECIALIZED SCHOOL FOR (5~7) GRADES

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Abstract. *Teaching vocabulary of foreign languages in specialized schools for grades 5-7 involves a targeted approach to language learning. This article explore the methods and strategies used to teach vocabulary effectively in this context, as well as the challenges and opportunities that come with teaching foreign languages in specialized schools. The focus will be on how to engage students, build their vocabulary skills, and create a supportive learning environment that fosters language acquisition.*

Keywords: *Teaching vocabulary; Foreign languages; Specialized school; Grades 5-7; Language acquisition; Methods and strategies; Student engagement; Vocabulary skills; Supportive learning environment.*

ПРЕПОДАВАНИЕ ЛЕКСИКИ ИНОСТРАННЫХ ЯЗЫКОВ В СПЕЦИАЛИЗИРОВАННОЙ ШКОЛЕ В (5-7) КЛАССАХ

Аннотация. *Обучение лексике иностранных языков в специализированных школах 5-7 классов предполагает целенаправленный подход к изучению языка. В этой статье рассматриваются методы и стратегии, используемые для эффективного преподавания словарного запаса в этом контексте, а также проблемы и возможности, связанные с преподаванием иностранных языков в специализированных школах. Основное внимание будет уделено тому, как привлечь учащихся, улучшить их словарный запас и создать благоприятную среду обучения, способствующую овладению языком.*

Ключевые слова: *Учебная лексика; Иностранные языки; Специализированная школа; 5-7 классы; Овладение языком; Методы и стратегии; Участие студентов; Словарные навыки; Поддерживающая учебная среда.*

Introduction. Teaching vocabulary in foreign languages is a crucial aspect of language learning, especially in specialized schools catering to students in grades 5 to 7. These formative years are essential for building a strong foundation in language skills, including vocabulary

acquisition. Effective vocabulary instruction not only enhances students' communication abilities but also plays a significant role in their overall language proficiency.

In specialized schools, where the focus may be on specific subjects or disciplines, the teaching of vocabulary becomes even more important. Students need to grasp the specialized terminology and language related to their field of study to excel academically and communicate effectively in that domain.

This article explore various strategies and approaches for teaching vocabulary in foreign languages to students in grades 5 to 7 in specialized schools. Drawing on research and best practices in language teaching, we will discuss effective methods, resources, and activities that can help students expand their vocabulary knowledge and improve their language skills in a targeted and meaningful way. By implementing these strategies, teachers can create engaging and interactive lessons that support students' vocabulary development and overall language proficiency.

Literature review. The literature underscores the significance of effective vocabulary instruction in specialized schools for grades 5 to 7. By implementing targeted strategies that cater to students' interests, academic pursuits, and cultural backgrounds, teachers can support students' language learning journey, enhance their academic performance, and equip them with essential skills for success in a multilingual and multicultural world.

Teaching vocabulary in foreign languages to students in grades 5 to 7 in specialized schools is a crucial aspect of language learning that can have significant benefits. By implementing targeted strategies and approach tailored to the students' interest and academic pursuits, teachers can help students build a strong vocabulary foundation that supports their language proficiency, academic performance, engagement, communication skills, cultural awareness, and transferable skills.

Effective vocabulary instruction in specialized school involves introducing and reinforcing vocabulary related to the students' specialized subjects, thereby enhancing their understanding of discipline-specific terminology and content. This not only improves their language skills but also boosts their academic success by enabling them to engage more effectively with their subject matter.

Methodology. Teaching vocabulary in foreign languages to students in grades 5 to 7 in specialized schools presents unique challenges and opportunities. In specialized schools, students may be studying specific subjects or disciplines that require a specialized vocabulary. Therefore, it is essential to tailor vocabulary instruction to meet the needs of these students and support their language learning in a targeted and meaningful way. Here are some strategies and approaches for teaching vocabulary in foreign languages to students in grades 5 to 7 in specialized schools:

1. **Contextual Learning:** Introduce vocabulary in context to help students understand how words are used in real-life situations. Use texts, images, videos, and other materials related to the students' areas of study to make the vocabulary relevant and engaging.

2. **Word Walls:** Create word walls in the classroom with key vocabulary words related to the subject matter. Encourage students to interact with the word wall by using the words in sentences, discussing their meanings, and making connections between words.

3. **Vocabulary Games:** Incorporate vocabulary games and activities into lessons to make learning fun and interactive. Games like Bingo, Memory Match, Word Puzzles, and Vocabulary Charades can help reinforce vocabulary retention and encourage active participation.

4. **Mnemonics and Visual Aids:** Use mnemonic devices, visual aids, and gestures to help students remember new vocabulary words. Associating a word with a picture, a gesture, or a memorable phrase can aid in retention and recall.

5. **Vocabulary Journals:** Encourage students to keep vocabulary journals where they can write down new words, their meanings, and example sentences. Have students review their journals regularly and use the words in writing assignments or discussions.

6. **Technology Integration:** Incorporate technology tools such as online vocabulary games, flashcards apps, and language learning platforms to supplement classroom instruction. These tools can provide additional practice and reinforcement of vocabulary outside of class.

7. **Word Study Activities:** Engage students in word study activities such as word roots, prefixes, suffixes, and word families to help them understand the structure of words and expand their vocabulary systematically.

8. **Collaborative Learning:** Encourage collaborative learning activities where students work together to practice using new vocabulary words in meaningful contexts. Pair or group activities can promote peer interaction and support vocabulary acquisition through communication.

By implementing these strategies and approaches, teachers can create a dynamic and engaging learning environment that supports students' vocabulary development in foreign languages. Tailoring vocabulary instruction to the specific needs of students in specialized schools can enhance their language learning experience and help them succeed academically in their chosen fields of study.

Results. When teaching vocabulary in foreign languages to students in grades 5 to 7 in specialized schools, implementing targeted strategies and approaches can yield positive results.

By systematically introducing and reinforcing vocabulary related to the students' specialized subjects, students can enhance their language proficiency and fluency in the foreign language. This can lead to improved reading, writing, speaking, and listening skills. A strong

vocabulary base is essential for academic success, especially in specialized schools where students may encounter discipline-specific terminology. Teaching relevant vocabulary can help students better understand and engage with their subject matter, leading to improved academic performance.

Tailoring vocabulary instruction to the students' interests and areas of study can increase their engagement and motivation in learning the foreign language. When vocabulary is meaningful and relevant to their academic pursuits, students are more likely to be motivated to learn and retain new words. Through exposure to a variety of vocabulary words and word study activities, students can expand their vocabulary repertoire and develop a deeper understanding of word meanings, usage, and relationships. This broadening of vocabulary can support students in expressing themselves more effectively and comprehensively.

By equipping students with a rich vocabulary in the foreign language, teachers can help them develop effective communication skills. Students will be better able to express their thoughts, ideas, and opinions with clarity and precision, both orally and in writing. Introducing vocabulary that is culturally relevant and connected to the students' specialized fields of study can deepen their understanding of the target language and culture. Students can gain insights into how language is used in specific contexts and develop cross-cultural competence.

Building a strong vocabulary foundation in a foreign language can also help students develop transferable skills that are valuable across disciplines and contexts. The ability to learn and use new words effectively can support lifelong language learning and academic success.

Effective vocabulary instruction in foreign languages for students in grades 5 to 7 in specialized schools can lead to improved language proficiency, academic performance, engagement, communication skills, cultural awareness, and transferable skills. By employing targeted strategies and approaches tailored to the students' needs and interests, teachers can help students achieve success in their language learning journey.

Conclusion. Teaching culturally relevant vocabulary can deepen students' understanding of the target language and culture, fostering cross-cultural competence and enriching their overall language learning experience. By equipping students with a broad vocabulary repertoire and effective communication skills, teachers empower them to express themselves with clarity and precision, both orally and in writing.

Ultimately, the benefits of teaching vocabulary in foreign languages to students in grades 5 to 7 in specialized schools extend beyond language proficiency to encompass transferable skills that are valuable across disciplines and contexts. Through meaningful and relevant vocabulary

instruction, teachers can inspire students to become lifelong language learners who are equipped with the tools they need to succeed academically and professionally.

In conclusion, effective vocabulary instruction in specialized schools plays a vital role in shaping students' language learning journey and preparing them for success in their academic endeavors and beyond. By fostering a love for language learning and providing students with the necessary tools and resources, teachers can empower them to reach their full potential and thrive in a multilingual and multicultural world.

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