

**AMIR ABDULAHAD: XIX ASR OXIRI – XX ASR BOSHLARIDA BUXORO  
AMIRLIGIDAGI SIYOSIY VA IJTIMOYIY ISLOHOTLAR****Sayfutdinov Feruz Ilniyazovich**

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Buxoro amirligi XIX asrning oxiri va XX asr boshlarida murakkab siyosiy, iqtisodiy va ijtimoiy jarayonlarni boshdan kechirdi. Bu davrda hokimiyat tepasiga kelgan Amir Abdulahadxon (1885–1910) mamlakatni zamonaviylashtirishga harakat qilgan islohotchi hukmdor sifatida tarixda muhim o'rin egallaydi. U Rossiya imperiyasi ta'siri ostida bo'lgan Buxoro amirligini saqlab qolish va ichki boshqaruv tizimini isloh qilishga intildi. Mazkur maqolada Amir Abdulahadxon davridagi siyosiy, harbiy va ma'rifiy sohalaridagi islohotlar hamda ularning tarixiy ahamiyati ilmiy tahlil qilinadi.

**Amir Abdulahadxonning taxtga chiqishi va siyosiy holat**

Amir Abdulahadxon otasi Amir Muzaffarxon vafotidan so'ng 1885 yilda taxtga o'tirdi. Bu davrda Buxoro amirligi tashqi siyosatda Rossiya imperiyasi bilan mustahkam aloqada bo'lgan. Amir Abdulahad Rossiya bilan aloqalarni mustahkamlashni davom ettirdi. U o'zining hukmronligi davomida Rossiya hukumatining maslahatlari va bosimi ostida bir qator islohotlar o'tkazishga harakat qildi.

**Ma'muriy va harbiy islohotlar**

Abdulahadxon o'z faoliyati davomida boshqaruv tizimini markazlashtirish, davlat idoralarining samaradorligini oshirish uchun bir qancha choralarni amalga oshirdi. U Buxoroda yangi harbiy qismlarni tashkil etdi, qurollanishni kuchaytirdi. Rossiyadan harbiy mutaxassislar chaqirildi. Shuningdek, davlat boshqaruvi tizimini yanada takomillashtirish uchun zamonaviy usullardan foydalanishga harakat qilindi. Biroq bu islohotlar asosan yuzaki xarakterga ega bo'lib, mahalliy zodagonlarning qarshiligi sababli keng miqyosda amalga oshmadi.

**Maorif va madaniyat sohasidagi o'zgarishlar**

Amir Abdulahadxon davrida maorif sohasida ham muhim o'zgarishlar yuz berdi. U yangi usulda ta'lim beradigan maktablarni ochishga ruxsat berdi. Garchi bu maktablar soni ko'p bo'lmas-da, ular Buxoroda jadidchilik harakatining rivojlanishiga zamin yaratdi. Yangi usul maktablarida matematika, geografiya, rus tili kabi fanlar o'qitildi. Ammo bu sohadagi islohotlar ham ko'p hollarda mahalliy ulamolar va konservativ kuchlarning bosimi ostida sekin amalga oshirildi.

**Ijtimoiy va iqtisodiy holat**

Amir Abdulahadxon davrida aholining ijtimoiy ahvoli murakkab bo'lib, qashshoqlik, yersuv munosabatlarining nomutanosibliigi, adliya tizimidagi korrupsiya keng tarqalgan edi. Biroq Amir bu muammolarni hal qilishda yetarlicha qat'iyat ko'rsatmadi. Uning hukmronligi davrida Rossiyaga iqtisodiy qaramlik kuchaydi. Ayniqsa, temiryo'l qurilishi, tashqi savdo va moliya tizimi Rossiyaning nazorati ostida bo'ldi.

**Xulosa**

Amir Abdulahadxon Buxoro amirligini Rossiya imperiyasi bosimi ostida boshqargan, zamonaviy islohotlarni amalga oshirishga harakat qilgan hukmdor sifatida tarixda muhim o'rin egallaydi. Uning siyosiy va maorif sohalaridagi islohotlari muayyan natijalar bergan bo'lsa-da, ularni to'liq amalga oshirishga jamiyatning ichki qarshilik kuchlari to'sqinlik qildi.

Abdulahadxon islohotlari Buxoro jadidchilik harakatiga yo‘l ochdi va keyinchalik bu harakat mustamlakachilikka qarshi kurashda muhim o‘rin tutdi.

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