

DEVELOPING PROFESSIONAL COMPETENCE THROUGH INTERACTIVE TEACHING PRACTICES IN MODERN EDUCATION**Salomova Malika Zohirovna**

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Annotation. This article explores the role of interactive teaching methods in developing students' professional competencies within contemporary educational environments. It emphasizes that effective learning outcomes can only be achieved through well-structured pedagogical practices that actively engage students in the learning process. The study analyzes the principles of interactive learning, the role of the teacher as a facilitator, and the importance of communication and collaboration in the classroom. Special attention is given to the stages of organizing interactive lessons and the professional skills required for their successful implementation. The findings suggest that interactive teaching fosters critical thinking, autonomy, and creative problem-solving, which are essential for modern learners.

Keywords: Interactive learning, professional skills, student engagement, collaborative learning, pedagogical communication, teaching strategies, learner-centered approach, classroom interaction, critical thinking, educational innovation, active learning, teacher facilitation.

Аннотация. В данной статье рассматривается роль интерактивных методов обучения в развитии профессиональных компетенций студентов в современной образовательной среде. Подчеркивается, что эффективные результаты обучения могут быть достигнуты только посредством хорошо структурированных педагогических практик, активно вовлекающих студентов в процесс обучения. В исследовании анализируются принципы интерактивного обучения, роль учителя как фасилитатора, а также важность коммуникации и сотрудничества в классе. Особое внимание уделяется этапам организации интерактивных уроков и профессиональным навыкам, необходимым для их успешной реализации. Результаты показывают, что интерактивное обучение способствует развитию критического мышления, самостоятельности и творческого решения проблем, что крайне важно для современных учащихся.

Ключевые слова: Интерактивное обучение, профессиональные навыки, вовлеченность студентов, совместное обучение, педагогическая коммуникация, стратегии преподавания, подход, ориентированный на учащегося, взаимодействие в классе, критическое мышление, образовательные инновации, активное обучение, содействие учителя.

Annotatsiya. Ushbu maqolada zamonaviy ta'lim muhitida talabalarning kasbiy kompetensiyalarini rivojlantirishda interaktiv o'qitish usullarining roli ko'rib chiqiladi. Unda samarali o'quv natijalariga faqat talabalarni o'quv jarayoniga faol jalb qiladigan yaxshi tuzilgan o'qitish amaliyotlari orqali erishish mumkinligi ta'kidlangan. Tadqiqotda interaktiv o'qitish tamoyillari, o'qituvchining moderator sifatidagi roli va sinfda muloqot va hamkorlikning ahamiyati tahlil qilinadi. Interaktiv darslarni tashkil etish bosqichlariga va ularni muvaffaqiyatli amalga oshirish uchun zarur bo'lgan professional ko'nikmalarga alohida e'tibor qaratilgan.

Natijalar shuni ko'rsatadiki, interaktiv o'qitish bugungi talabalar uchun juda muhim bo'lgan tanqidiy fikrlash, mustaqillik va ijodiy muammolarni hal qilishni rag'batlantiradi.

Kalit so'zlar: *Interaktiv o'rganish, professional ko'nikmalar, talabalarning ishtiroki, hamkorlikdagi o'rganish, pedagogik muloqot, o'qitish strategiyalari, o'quvchiga yo'naltirilgan yondashuv, sinfdagi o'zaro ta'sir, tanqidiy fikrlash, ta'lim sohasidagi innovatsiyalar, faol o'rganish, o'qituvchilarni qo'llab-quvvatlash.*

Introduction

In modern education, achieving high-quality learning outcomes requires more than simply delivering content or transferring knowledge from teacher to student. It necessitates the systematic development of learners' informational, communicative, and professional competencies through well-structured and pedagogically sound instructional practices. In response to these demands, educational systems worldwide are increasingly shifting toward learner-centered approaches that prioritize engagement, critical thinking, and practical application of knowledge. One of the most effective and widely recognized approaches in this context is interactive learning.

Interactive teaching is grounded in the principle of active participation, where students are not passive recipients of information but active contributors to the learning process. This approach emphasizes meaningful interaction between students and teachers, as well as among students themselves, fostering a collaborative learning environment. Through dialogue, discussion, group work, and problem-solving activities, learners develop not only subject knowledge but also essential soft skills such as communication, teamwork, and adaptability.

Moreover, interactive learning creates a dynamic and supportive classroom atmosphere that enhances motivation and encourages learners to take responsibility for their own educational progress. By integrating real-life situations, case studies, and experiential learning tasks, this approach bridges the gap between theory and practice. As a result, students are better able to apply their knowledge in practical contexts, which increases the relevance and effectiveness of the learning process.

Another important aspect of interactive teaching is its ability to address diverse learning styles and individual differences among students. By using a variety of methods—such as role-playing, debates, simulations, and project-based learning—teachers can create inclusive learning environments that cater to the needs of all learners. This not only improves academic performance but also promotes confidence, creativity, and independent thinking.

Therefore, the integration of interactive methods into the educational process is not merely a methodological choice but a necessity in preparing students for the challenges of the modern world. It equips them with the competencies required for lifelong learning and professional success, making education more responsive to the rapidly changing demands of society.

Methods

This study uses a descriptive and analytical approach to examine the effectiveness of interactive teaching in developing professional skills. It focuses on:

Pedagogical conditions necessary for interactive learning

The structure and stages of interactive lessons

The role of communication and collaboration

Teacher competencies required for successful implementation

The analysis is based on pedagogical theories, psychological principles of communication, and practical classroom strategies.

Results

The findings demonstrate that interactive learning significantly enhances students' engagement and professional development when certain conditions are met. These include:

- Clearly defined instructional objectives
- Consideration of students' abilities and readiness for group work
- Careful planning of lesson stages and expected outcomes
- Purposeful selection of teaching methods

Interactive learning environments promote active communication, where students take on different social roles such as leader, participant, organizer, and evaluator. This dynamic interaction strengthens both cognitive and social skills.

The role of the teacher shifts from a knowledge transmitter to a facilitator and organizer of learning activities. Instead of simply presenting information, the teacher guides students in discovering knowledge independently, analyzing information critically, and applying it to solve problems.

The structure of an effective interactive lesson typically includes:

1. **Introduction (Engagement Stage)** – capturing students' attention through questions, discussions, or problem situations
2. **Setting Objectives** – clearly explaining expected learning outcomes
3. **Providing Input** – offering necessary background knowledge and materials
4. **Interactive Activity** – engaging students in collaborative tasks and discussions
5. **Reflection and Evaluation** – summarizing the lesson and assessing learning outcomes

Discussion

Interactive learning reflects a shift toward learner-centered education, where communication plays a central role. As noted by Aleksei Leontyev, pedagogical communication is a complex, multi-layered process involving interaction, activity, and meaningful contact. This perspective highlights the importance of collaboration and dialogue in the learning process.

Through interactive methods, students develop not only academic knowledge but also essential professional skills such as teamwork, leadership, and critical thinking. These competencies are crucial in today's rapidly changing world.

However, successful implementation of interactive teaching requires a high level of teacher professionalism. Educators must possess strong communication skills, methodological knowledge, and the ability to adapt teaching strategies to different learning contexts. Continuous self-improvement and reflective practice are essential for maintaining teaching effectiveness.

Conclusion

Interactive teaching methods play a crucial role in shaping and developing students' professional competencies in modern education. Unlike traditional teacher-centered approaches, interactive methods actively engage learners in the educational process, encouraging participation, communication, collaboration, and critical thinking. As a result, students not only acquire theoretical knowledge but also develop essential practical skills such as problem-solving, decision-making, and teamwork, which are highly valued in today's professional environment.

Furthermore, interactive learning creates a supportive and dynamic classroom atmosphere where students feel motivated to express their ideas, ask questions, and take responsibility for their own learning. This learner-centered approach enhances deeper understanding, long-term retention of knowledge, and the ability to apply concepts in real-life situations.

However, the effectiveness of interactive teaching largely depends on the teacher's professional competence. Careful lesson planning, clearly defined objectives, appropriate selection of methods, and the ability to manage classroom interaction are essential components of successful implementation. In this context, the teacher acts not merely as a source of knowledge, but as a facilitator, guide, and motivator who supports students' intellectual and personal growth.

Therefore, continuous professional development, reflective practice, and the integration of innovative pedagogical strategies are vital for improving the quality of teaching. Educators must remain adaptable and open to new approaches in order to meet the evolving demands of modern education systems. Ultimately, the consistent use of interactive teaching methods contributes to the formation of competent, independent, and lifelong learners who are well-prepared for future professional challenges.

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